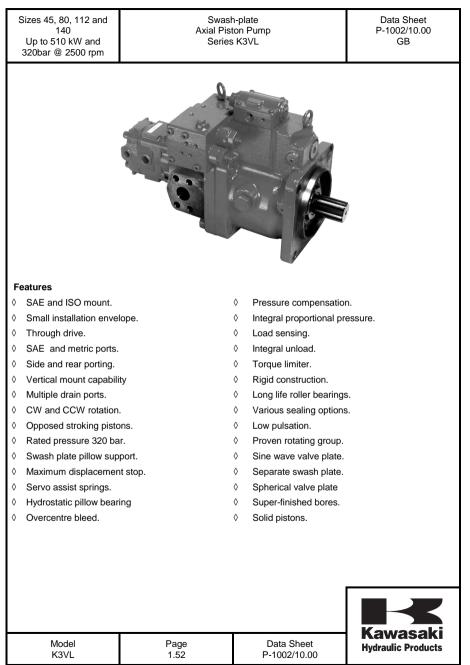
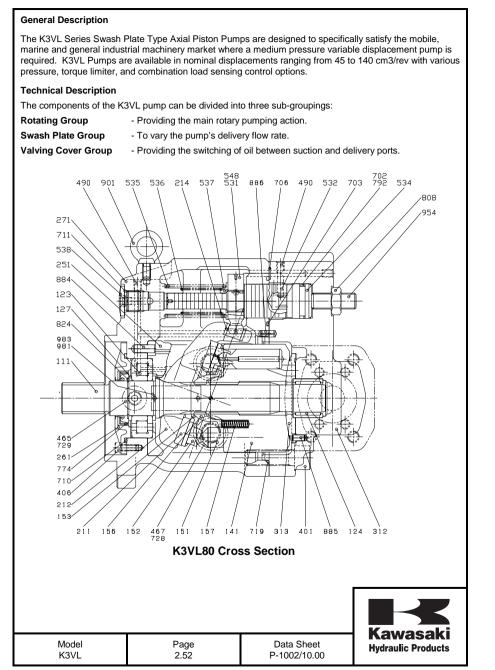
Industrial Products





Technical Description (continued)

The Rotating Group

The Rotating Group comprises:

- (a) Drive shaft (111),
- (b) Cylinder block (141),
- (c) Pistons (9 x151),
- (d) Shoes (9 x 152),
- (e) Setting plate (153),
- (f) Spherical bush (156),
- (g) Cylinder springs (9 x 157).

The drive shaft is coupled to the cylinder block through a splined section and supported at both of its ends by bearings (123 & 124) and the drive shaft. The shoe is swaged over the spherical end of the piston forming a spherical ball joint. Additionally the shoe has a hydrostatic pocket to balance the hydraulic thrust developed by the piston pressure allowing the shoe to lightly slide against the shoe plate (211).

The subgroup consisting of the pistons and shoes are pressed against the shoe plate by the cylinder springs acting through the setting plate and the spherical bush. The force developed by these cylinder springs also press the cylinder block against the valve plate (313). With the smallest K3VL45 unit a single centralised spring with individual push pins provide the shoe and cylinder block hold down force.

Swash Plate Group

The Swash Plate Group comprises:

- (a) Swash plate (212),
- (b) Shoe plate (211),
- (c) Swash plate support (251),
- (d) Tilting bush (214),
- (e) Tilting pin (531)
- (f) Servo piston (532),
- (g) Servo assist springs (535 & 536).

The swash plate on the reverse side to the shoe location is a cylindrical form which is a "pillow" supported by the hydrostatic bearing provided by the swash plate support. The tilting bush is inserted into the swash plate and into this is installed the spherical portion of the tilting pin which is coupled to the servo piston.

Any linear movement of the servo piston produced by the regulator pressure applied to either end is translated through the tilting pin into an angular movement of the swash plate which varies the tilting or swash angle of the pump. A screw adjuster and lock nut (954) is available to adjust the maximum tilting angle condition. The servo assist springs are provided to ensure good on stroking response particularly at low operating pressures.



| Model | Page | Data Sheet |
|-------|------|--------------|
| K3VL | 3.52 | P-1002/10.00 |

Technical Description (continued)

Valve Cover Group

The Valve Cover Group comprises:

- (a) Valve cover (312),
- (b) Valve plate (313)
- (c) Valve plate pin (885).

The valve plate with its two "kidney" shaped ports is installed onto the valve plate located by the valve plate pin. These two ports serve to supply and exhaust oil to and from the cylinder block. The oil passage switched by the valve plate is connected to the externally piped suction and outlet pressure ports through the valve cover. This valve plate is spherical in form for all but the smallest 45 unit.

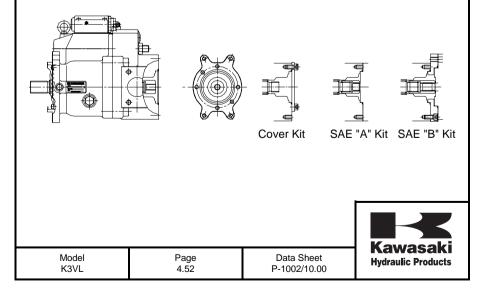
Pump Operation

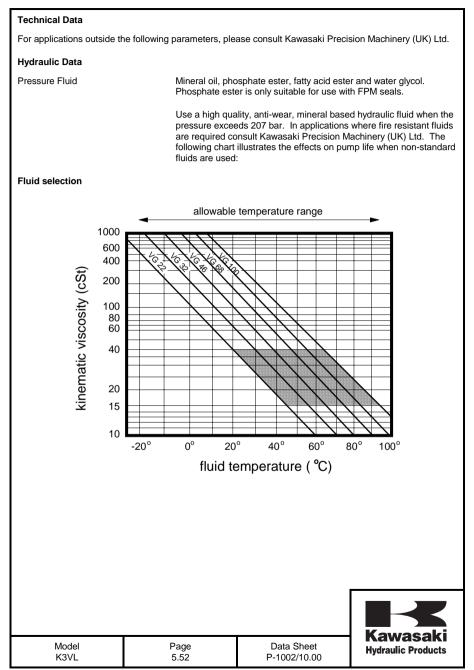
When the pump's drive shaft is driven by a prime mover (Electric motor, Engine etc.), the cylinder block being spline coupled to the shaft will also rotate. If the swash plate has been tilted, the pistons arranged in the cylinder block due to the shoe being retained on the swash plate surface will both rotate with the cylinder block and reciprocate once per revolution. Paying attention to one such piston then it will move away from the valve plate for half a rotation (suction stroke) and move towards the valve plate for the second half of rotation (oil delivery stroke). The larger the tilt angle the longer the piston stroke and the higher is the pump's displacement. As the swash plate tilting angle approaches so the piston makes no stroke and thereby delivers no oil.

Through Drive Option

The pump is available with a through drive capability (see installation section) where a through drive shaft with splined end is incorporated capable of taking a similar torque to that of the pump itself and an SAE "A" mounting interface is provided.

By suitable use of adaptors and splined couplings a wide variety of through drive mounting capabilities are available. The formation of these kits and there relevant part numbers will be found in the installation section.





Technical Data (continued)

Filtration & Contamination Control

Filtration

The most important means to prevent premature damage to the pump and associated equipment and to extend its working life, is to ensure that hydraulic fluid contamination control of the system is working effectively.

This begins by ensuring that at the time of installation that all piping, tanks etc. are rigorously cleaned in a sanitary way. Likewise, during start up thorough flushing should be done at minimal operating pressure so as to remove any residual contamination. Flushing should be provided using an off line filtration system and after flushing the filter elements should be replaced.

A full flow return line filter of 10 micron nominal should be utilised and in addition a 150 micron mesh suction strainer is recommended. Typical filtration circuits are shown in the K3VL brochure.

To prevent contaminant ingress from the external environment a 5 to 10 micron filter within the tanks breather is also recommended.

Suggested Acceptable Contamination Level

The relationship between contamination level and pump life is very difficult to predict as it depends on the type and nature of the contaminant present in the system. Sand or Silica in particular, due to its abrasive nature, does significantly reduce the expected life of a pump.

Based on the precondition that there is no significant presence of Silica type substances then a minimum Cleanliness level of 18/15 to ISO/DIS 4406 (NAS Class 9) is recommended.

Working Fluid Types

Anti-Wear Type Hydraulic fluid

It is generally recommended to use an anti-wear type hydraulic fluid as the mineral oil type when the operating pressure exceeds 210 bar.

Fire-resistant Fluids

Some kind of fire-resistant fluids require special materials for seals, paint and metal finishing. Please consult Kawasaki Precision Machinery (UK) Limited and provide details of the particular fluid specification and the working conditions so that any special requirements can be ascertained.

In general, fire-resistant fluids have a low viscosity index and their viscosity also changes significantly with operating temperature and service life. For this reason, the circuit should be provided with an adequately sized cooler or forced cooling so that temperatures can be stabilised.

Due to the inherent water content of some of these fluids the minimum allowable suction pressure will be higher than that of an equivalent mineral oil and so needs to be fully evaluated by Kawasaki Precision Machinery (UK) Limited. The following table provides an overview of the precautions and characteristics that can be expected with these types of fluids.

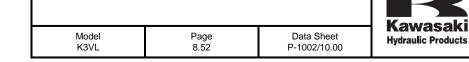
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|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Model K3VL | Page 6.52 | Data Sheet P-1002/10.00 | Hydraulic Products |

Technical Data (continued)

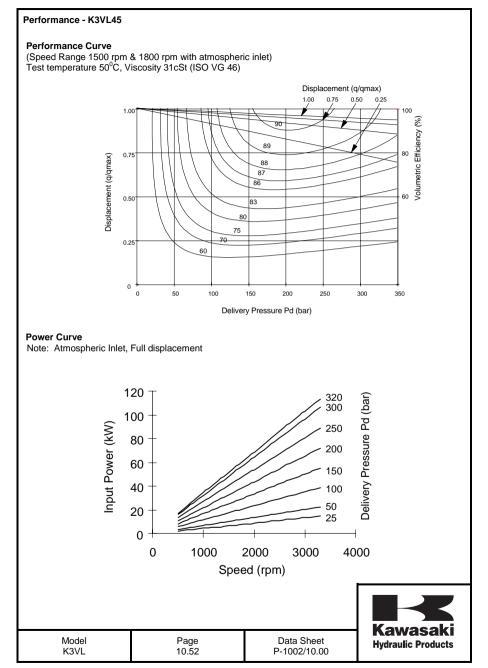
Fire-resistant Fluids (continued)

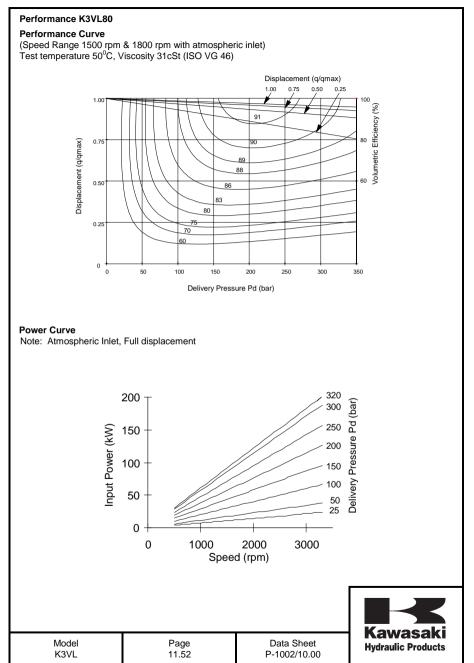
| fluid typ parameter :- | e :- mineral oil | phosphate ester | polyol ester | water glycol |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Maximum Pressure (bar) | 320 | 320 | 320 | 210 |
| Recommended Temperature Range (deg C) | 20 ~ 60 | 20 ~ 60 | 20 ~ 60 | 10 ~ 50 |
| Cavitation susceptability | \bigcirc | \bigtriangleup | \bigtriangleup | \bigtriangleup |
| Expected life expectancy compa to mineral oil | red 100% | 60% ~ 100% | 50% ~ 100% | 20% ~ 80% |
| | recommended | | usable (higher | density) |
| | | | | |
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| Model K3VL | Page 7.52 | Data Sh P-1002/1 | neet | Kawasaki ydraulic Products |

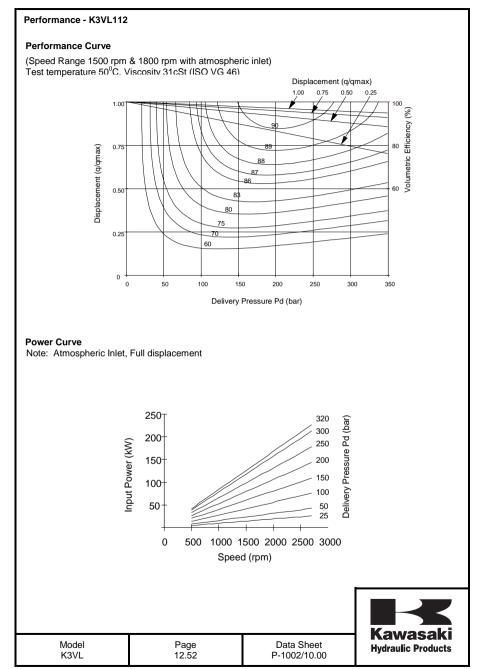
| Technica | al Data (co | ontinued) | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
| р | ump mode | əl | 4 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 40 | | |
| capa | acity | cc/rev | 4 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 40 | | |
| pressure | rated | bar | | | | 32 | | | | | | |
| ratings | peak | bar | | | | 35 | 50 | | | | | |
| Speed | self prime | rpm | 27 | 00 | 24 | 2400 | | 00 | 2100 | | | |
| ratings | max boosted | rpm | 32 | 50 | 30 | 00 | 27 | 00 | 25 | 00 | | |
| max op spe | • | rpm | | | | 60 | 00 | | | | | |
| case | max | bar | | | | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| drain pressures | peak | bar | | | | 6 | 6 | | | | | |
| | ght | kg | 25 | | - | 4 | - | 0 | | 0 | | |
| | capacity | CC | 600 | | 80 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 10 | 00 | | |
| | owable torque | Nm | 225 | | 400 | | 98 | 981 | | 81 | | |
| mountin | g flange | type | SAE B | ISO 100 | SAE C | ISO 125 | SAE D | ISO 180 | SAE D | ISO 180 | | |
| mountain | gilaligo | bolts | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | |
| input | shaft | type | SAE B- B | ISO 25mm | SAE C | ISO 32mm | SAE D | ISO 45mm | SAE D | ISO 45mm | | |
| input | Shan | form | spline & key | key | | |
| | SAE 'A' | | 61 | | | | | | | | | |
| | SAE 'A-A' | | 118 | | | | | | | | | |
| | SAE 'B' | | | | | 203 | | | | | | |
| allowable through torque | SAE 'B-B' | Nm | | 225 | | | | | | | | |
| loique | SAE 'C' | | | | | | 4(| 00 | | | | |
| | SAE 'C-C' | | | | | | | 55 | 59 | | | |
| | SAE 'D' | | | | | | | | 69 | 99 | | |
| temperat | ure range | °C | | | | -20 t | o 95 | | | | | |
| viscosit | y range | cSt | | | | 10 to | 1,000 | | | | | |
| max. co | ontaminatio | on level | | | 1 | 8/15 (ISO | /DIS 4406 | 5) | | | | |
| CAUT | IONS! | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Make sur operation | | np case is | filled with | clean, filte | ered fluid | of the type | e used in t | he system | before | | |
| 2. | The pump | o case mu | ust be full | at all time | s to ensur | e lubricati | on of the i | nternal co | mponents | i. | | |
| Mecha | anical Dis | placeme | nt Limiter | | | | | | | | | |
| Mecha | inical disp | lacement | limiter is a | available f | or ALL mo | odels Qma | ax range 5 | 0 to 100% |) . | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

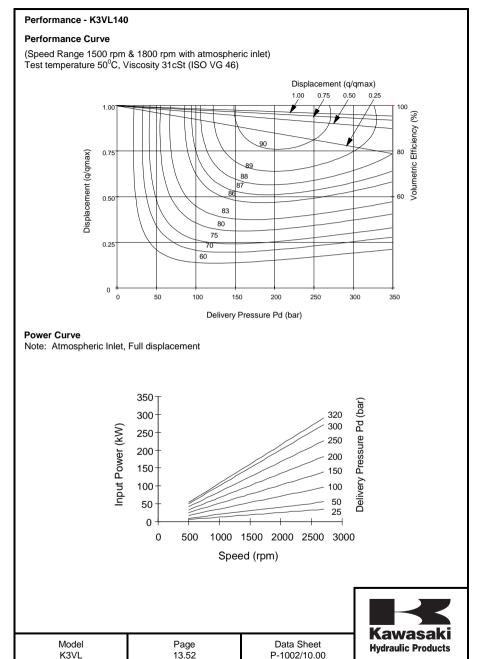


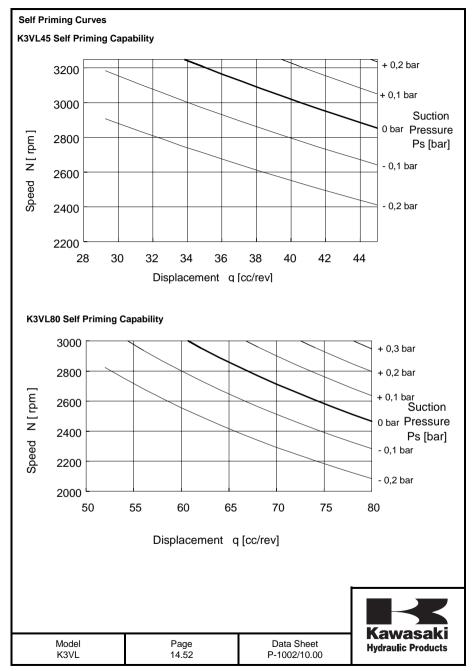
| | | K3VL | 80 | ۰/ ۹ | <u>،</u> • | | 1 | 0 | R | s | s | ΗĽ | . c |) 1 | 2D | 1 | Ŀ | 1 * |
|--|---|---|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|------------|---|---|--------|------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| K3VL | Series Pump | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Torque limiter setting |
| Maxii 45 80 112 140 | mum displaceme 45 cm ³ /rev 80 cm ³ /rev 112 cm ³ /rev 140 cm ³ /rev | nt | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | L* Low setting range M* Medium setting range H* High setting range |
| Desig A | gn series | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | orque limiter type ank Without torque limiter |
| - | raulic Fluid Type Mineral oil | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | /1 | with torque limiter control |
| W Z | Water glycol Phosphate este | r | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | er solenoid I below) |
| Circ 1 | uit type Open circuit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | t 1 | lank 15A | F F 1 | or all other options excep PN & LN 15V AC, 60.60Hz,DIN43550 Plug |
| 0 A B | Single pump, sic SAE "A" through SAE "B" through | le porte drive, s drive, s | side side | e por | ted | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 235A 2D 24D | 5 1 | 230 V AC, 50.60Hz,DIN43550 Plug 2V DC, DIN 43550 Plug 24V DC, DIN 43550 Plug |
| BB C D R S N | SAE "BB" throug SAE "C" through SAE "D" through Single pump, rea Single pump witt Pump Single pump witt ported | n drive, n drive, ar porte n plastic | side side d c cc | e por e por over | ted ted (Sto | | | | | | | | | Ad 0 N V 1 | Idit | No Wi val Wi coi Lo | th i ve th i ntro ad | bressure control Iditional control Integrated unloading Integrated remote ol valve sensing only (R4 ed) |
| Direc R L | ction of rotation Clockwise rotati Counter-clockwi | | tion | l | | | | | | | | | | 2 | F | Rem comp | ote ben | e configuration pressure sator nsing & pressure |
| Mou S M K T | nting flange & sh SAE standard s ISO keyed & mo SAE keyed & mo | pline ar ount ount | | | | 214 | 1 0/ | | | | | Por t M S | Ī | Netr | ea ic t | ontr ds hrea read | ade | |
| | SAE smaller sp | mie & fř | iou | πι (n | | 31 | 180 | <i>י</i> ו | | | L | | | - | | | | |
| | Model K3VL | | | Pa(9.5 | | | | | | | I P | Data | - | eet | | | | Kawasaki Hydraulic Products |

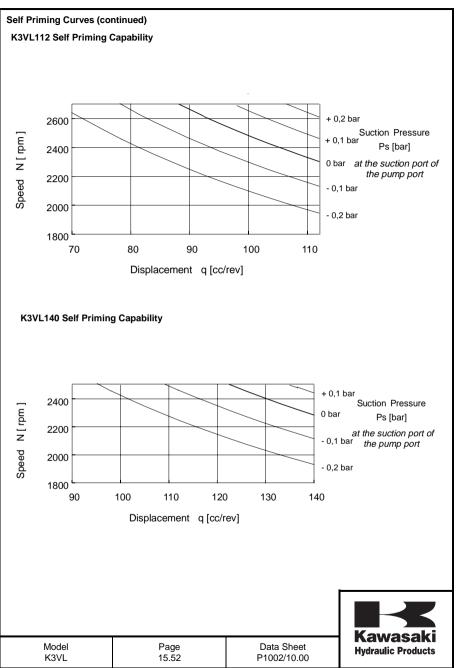


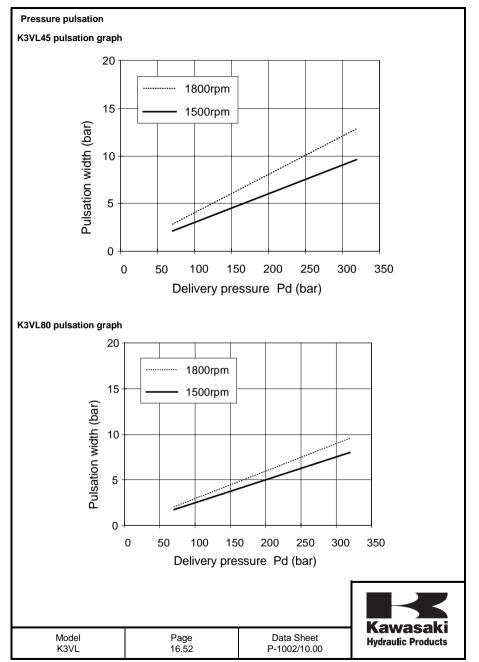


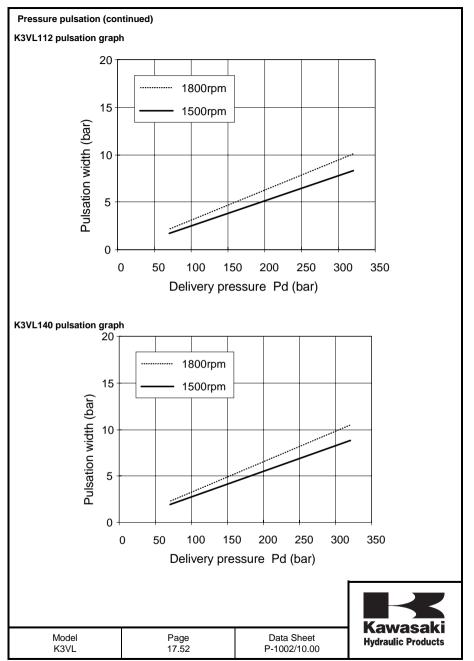


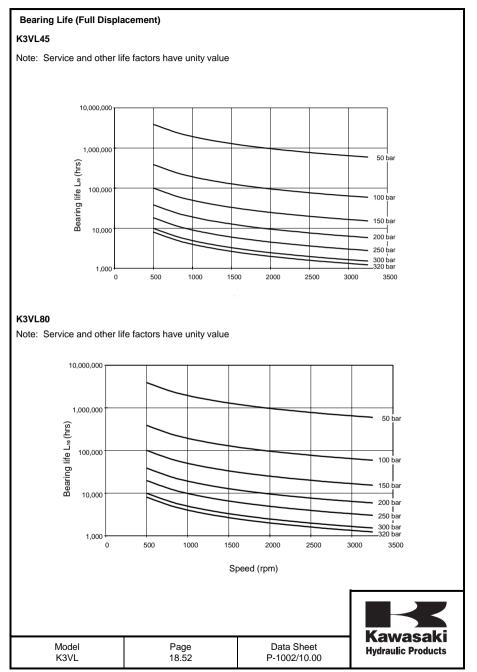


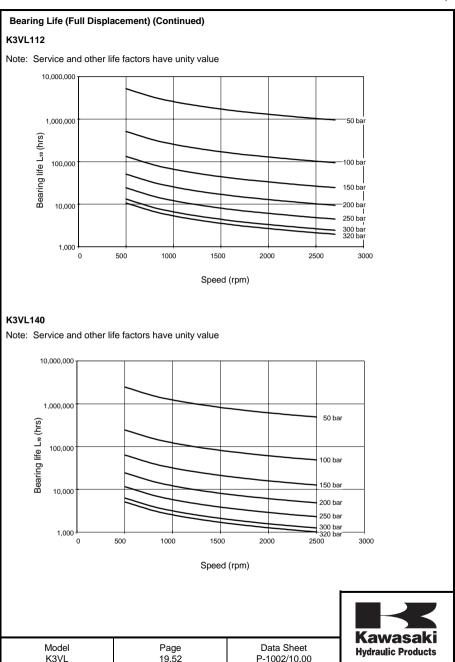


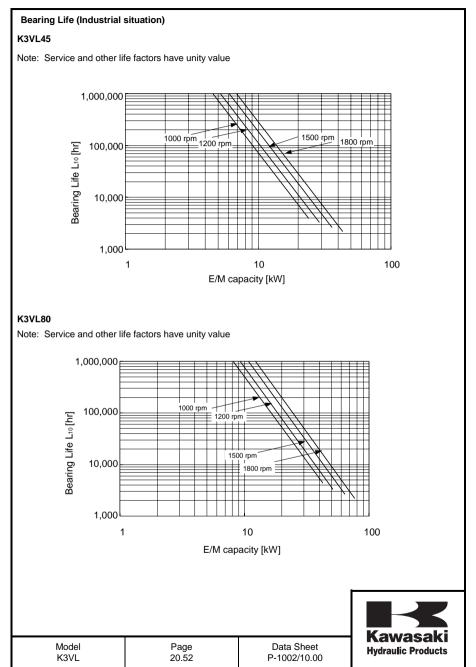


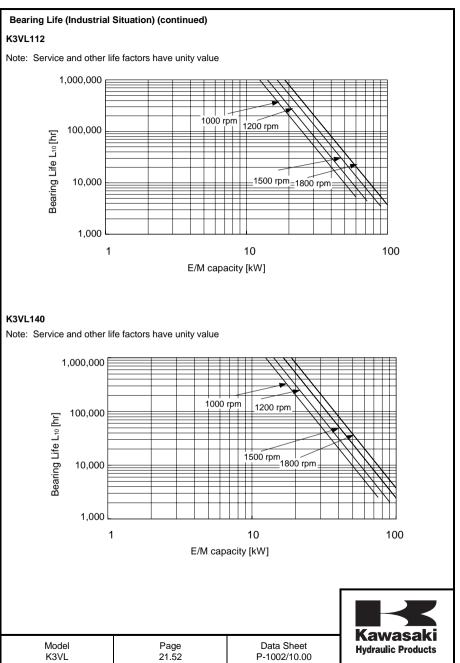


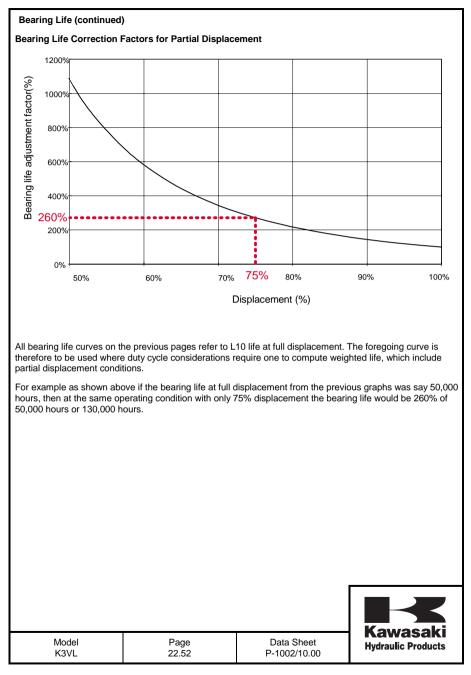










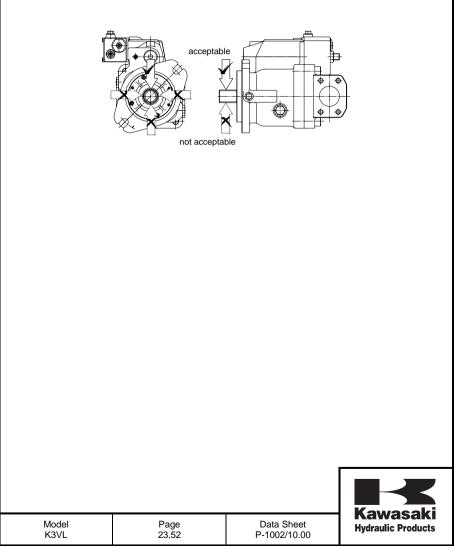


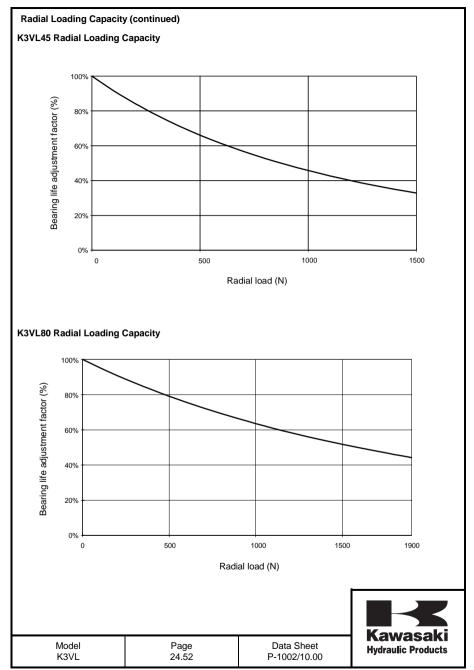
Radial Loading Capacity

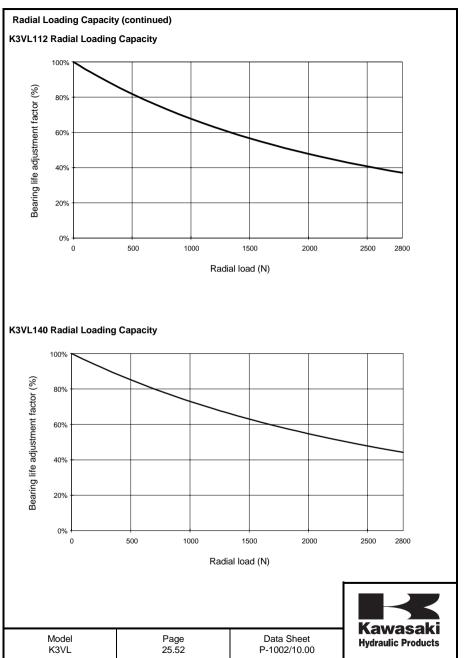
No axial shaft loading possible

Radial loading is achievable but in specific orientation:-

In addition because of the high bearing capacity of this front bearing, radial shaft loading can be allowed provided that its orientation is such that it is this front bearing that takes the additional load (See diagram below and the bearing life and radial loading curves)



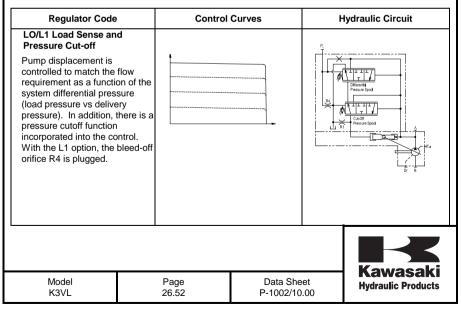


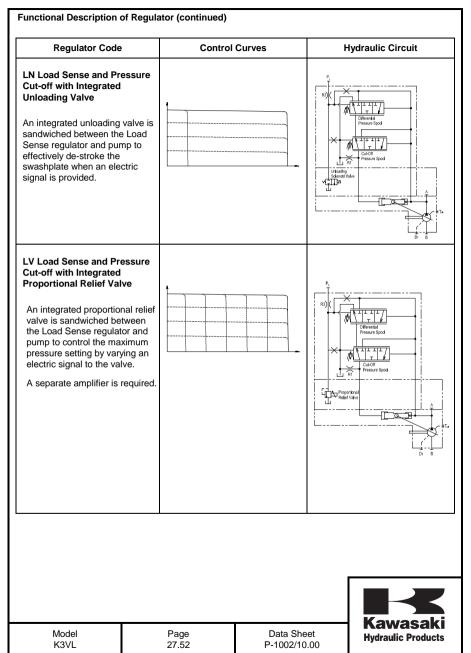


| Functional | Description of Regulator | |
|------------|--------------------------|---|
| | Key to | Hydraulic Circuit Annotations |
| | Annotation | Description |
| | A ₁ | Main pump delivery |
| | A ₂ | Auxiliary pump delivery |
| | a ₁ | Gauge port main pump delivery |
| | a ₂ | Gauge port auxiliary pump delivery |
| | B ₂ | Gear pump suction |
| | B ₁ | Main pump suction |
| | b | Suction gauge port |
| | Dr | Drain |
| | Pi | Pilot pressure |
| | Pc | Remote Pilot Port, Pressure Compensator |
| | Pi | Pilot Port Displacement Control |
| | PL | Load sense port |
| | Psv | Pressure Assist Port |

Note:

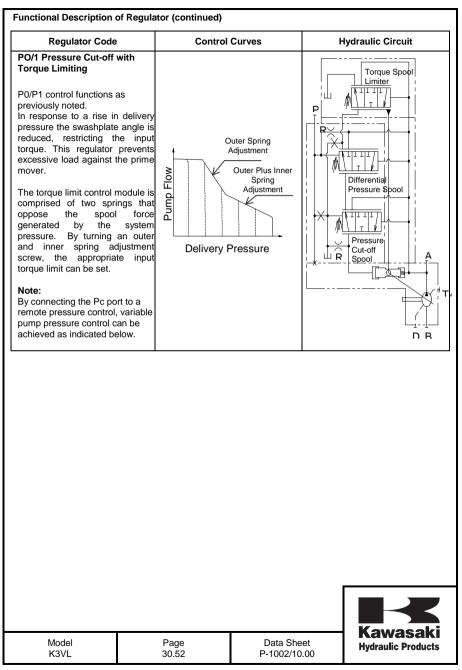
: The optional attached gear pump is recommended for all displacement control options. Hydraulic circuit diagrams illustrate the attached gear pump





| Functional Description o | of Regulate | or (continued) | | | |
|---|--|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Regulator Code | | Control | Curves | н | lydraulic Circuit |
| LO/1 Load Sense and Pressure Cut-off with Limiting LO/L1 control functions previously noted. In response to a rise in of pressure the swashplate is decreased, restricting input torque. This regula prevents excessive load the prime mover. The torque limit control of is comprised of two sprin oppose the spool force generated by the system pressure. By turning an and inner spring adjustin screw, the appropriate in torque limit can be set. | as delivery angle the ator against against module ngs that | | | | Torque Liniter Spool |
| PO Pressure Cut-off As system pressure rise: cut-off setting, the swash strokes to prevent the pressure from exceedi compensator setting. imperative that a safety rel be installed in the system. Note: By connecting the Pc por remote pressure control, pump pressure control ca achieved | blate de- system ing the It is lief valve t to a variable | L | | | T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I |
| Model K3VL | | Page 28.52 | Data She P-1002/10 | | Kawasaki Hydraulic Products |

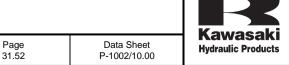
| Functional Description of | of Regulator | r (continued) | | | |
|---|--|---------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Regulator Code | | Control | Curves | H | ydraulic Circuit |
| PN Pressure Cut-off wi Integrated Unloading V An integrated unloading sandwiched betweer Pressure Cut-off regula pump to effectively de-si swashplate when an signal is provided. | valve is valve is n the ator and troke the | • | | | Cut-Off Pressure Spool |
| PV Pressure Cut-off wit Integrated Proportional Valve An integrated proportion valve is sandwiched betv Pressure Cut-off regula the pump to conti maximum pressure se varying an electric signa valve. A separate amplifier is re | I Relief hal relief ween the ator and rol the titting by al to the | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Model K3VL | | Page 29.52 | Data She P-1002/10 | | Kawasaki Hydraulic Products |



Torque Limiter Settings

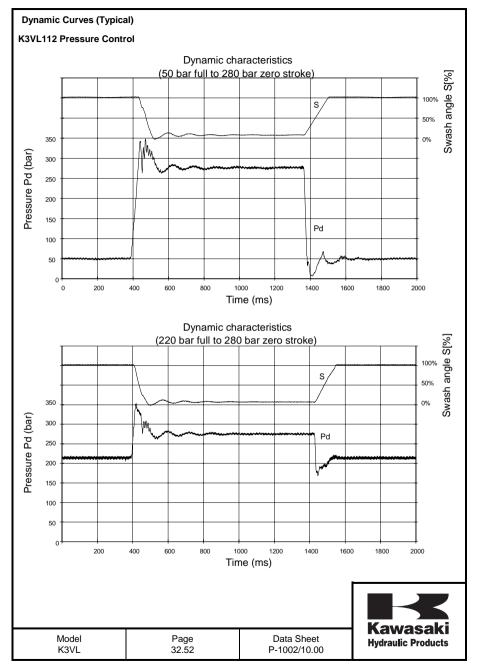
The following tabulations show the power limitation at various electric motor speeds for a specific pump. When selecting a control setting please ensure that the power limitation of a particularly sized electric motor to your national standard is not exceeded.

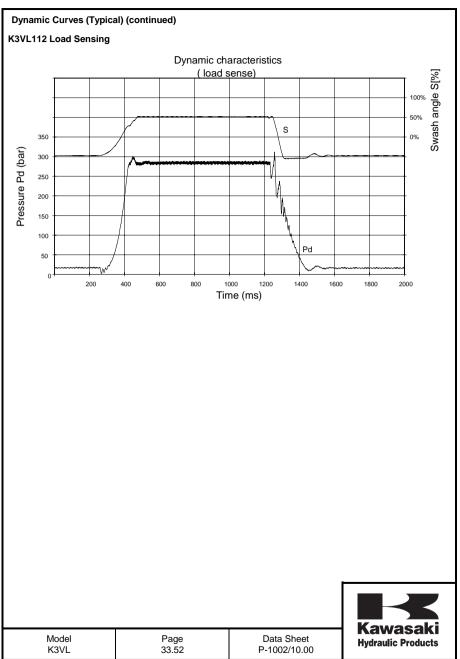
| | | 970 rpr | | | | | 150 rp | | |
|-------|----|----------|----------|-----|-------|----|---------|----------|---|
| Power | | Pum p Fr | rame Siz | е | Power | | Pump Fr | ame Siz | е |
| (KW) | 45 | 80 | 112 | 140 | (KW) | 45 | 80 | 112 | 1 |
| 5.5 | L3 | | | | 7.5 | L2 | | | |
| 7.5 | L1 | L6 | | | 11 | M3 | L4 | | |
| 11 | M1 | L2 | | | 15 | H4 | L1 | L4 | |
| 15 | H3 | M4 | L3 | L6 | 18.5 | H2 | M3 | L2 | |
| 18.5 | | M1 | M4 | L3 | 22 | | M1 | M4 | |
| 22 | | H3 | M2 | L1 | 30 | | H2 | M1 | |
| 30 | | H1 | H4 | M2 | 37 | | | H3 | I |
| 37 | | | H2 | H4 | 45 | | | H2 | |
| 45 | | | | H2 | 55 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 450 rp | m | | | 1 | 750 rp | m | |
| Power | | Pum p Fr | rame Siz | е | Power | | Pump Fr | am e Siz | е |
| (KW) | 45 | 80 | 112 | 140 | (KW) | 45 | 80 | 112 | 1 |
| 7.5 | L4 | | 1 | | 11 | L2 | | | |
| 11 | L1 | L6 | 1 | | 15 | M4 | L5 | | |
| 15 | M2 | L3 | | | 18.5 | M2 | L3 | | |
| 18.5 | H4 | L1 | L4 | | 22 | H4 | L1 | L4 | |
| 22 | H3 | M4 | L3 | L6 | 30 | H1 | M2 | L1 | |
| 30 | | H4 | M3 | L2 | 37 | | H4 | M3 | |
| 37 | | H2 | M1 | M3 | 45 | | H2 | M1 | |
| - | | H1 | H4 | M2 | 55 | | H1 | H4 | |
| 45 | | | H2 | H4 | 75 | | | H1 | |
| | | | пг | H1 | 90 | | | | |



Model

K3VL



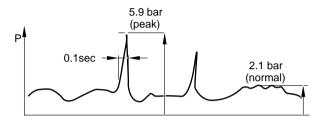


Installation

Recommended Pump Mounting

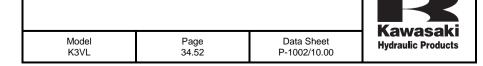
The pump should be mounted horizontally with the case drain piping initially rising above the level of the pump before continuing to the tank as shown in the illustration below. Do not connect the drain line to the suction line.

The uppermost drain port should be used and the drain piping should be equal or larger in size than the drain port to minimise pressure in the pump case. The pump case pressure should not exceed 2.1 bar as shown in the illustration below. (Peak pressure should never exceed 5.9 bar.)



Mounting the Pump Above the Tank

If the pump is to be mounted above the level of the tank the suction line must initially rise above the level of the pump before continuing to the tank as shown in the illustration below. The maximum allowable height the pump can be mounted above the fluid level is 1 meter. The minimum suction pressure should be-0.1 bar or above.



Installation (continued)

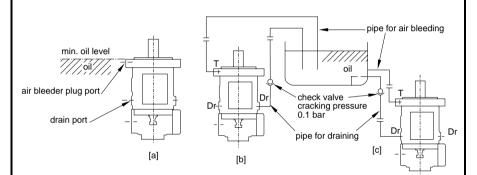
Mounting the Pump Vertically (shaft up)

For applications requiring vertical installation (shaft up) the pump must be provided with additional means to lubricate the front bearing. Do not use a standard pump for this type of application. (Mounting orientation "V" type should be used.)

The oil level in the tank should be higher than the pump-mounting flange as shown in illustration [a] below. If the oil level in the tank is lower than the pump mounting flange then forced lubrication is required through the air bleed port $1 \sim 2 l/min$.

When installing the pump in the tank and submerged in the oil, open the drain port and air bleed port to provide adequate lubrication to the internal components.

When installing the pump outside the tank run piping for the drain and air bleed ports to tank (see illustration [c]). If the drain or air bleed piping rise above the level of oil (see illustration [b]) fill the lines with oil before operation.



A check valve with cracking pressure of 0.1 bar should be fitted to the case drain line as shown. Recommended Kawasaki check valves are as follows: (refer to Kawasaki industrial valve information - data sheet C1001)

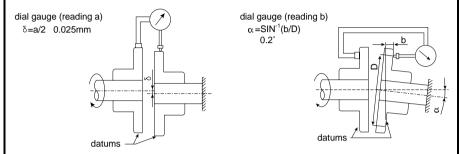
| Model | Recommended Kawasaki check valve | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| K3VL 45 | C10G - 10/01-* | | | | |
| K3VL 80 | C15G - 10/01-* | | | | |
| K3VL 112 | C15G - 10/01-* | | | | |
| K3VL 140 | C15G - 10/01-* | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Kawas | | | | |

Drive Shaft Coupling

Use a flexible coupling to connect the pump shaft to an engine flywheel or electric motor shaft. Alignment should be within 0.05mm TIR as shown in the illustration below.

Do not apply any radial or axial loading to the pump shaft. For applications where radial or side loads exist please contact Kawasaki Precision Machinery (UK) Ltd.for recommendations.

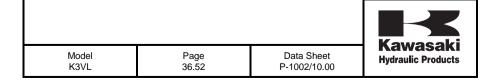
Do not force the coupling on or off the pump shaft. Use the threaded hole in the end of the pump shaft to fix or remove the coupling.

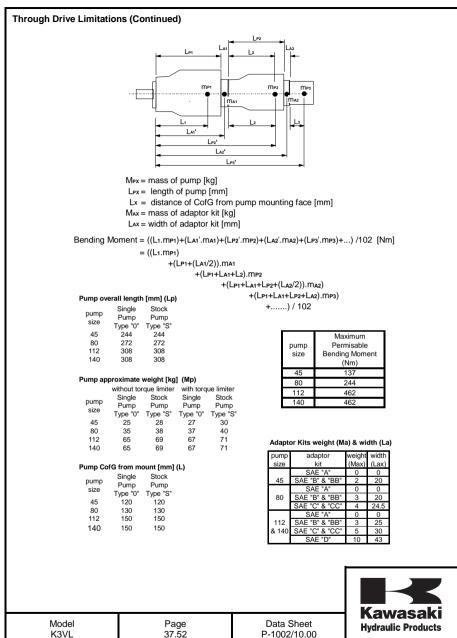


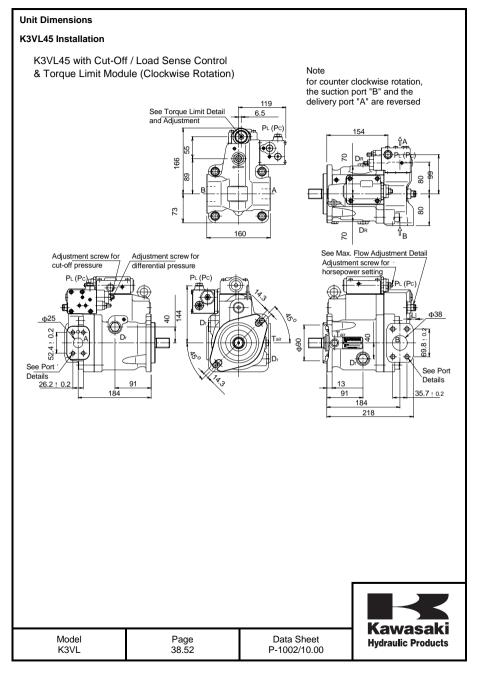
For engine drives a split type pinch bolt drive flange and flexible coupling is recommended.

Through Drive Limitations

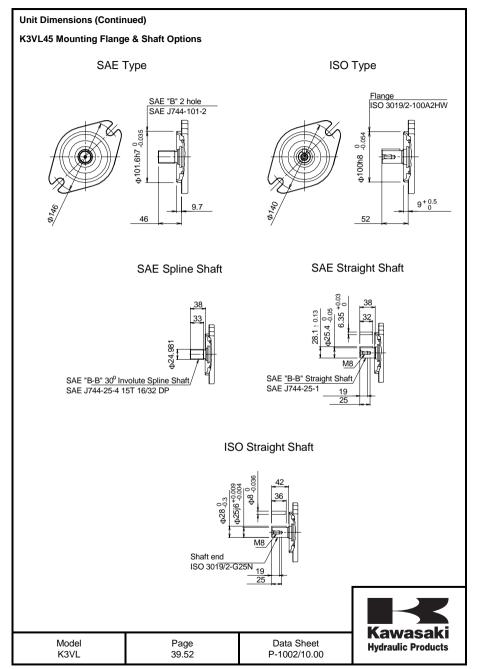
Apart from predefined maximum throughput limitations, one must also ensure that to prevent a possible excessive bending moment occurring that the maximum combined bending moment of the combination is not exceeded as determined in the following expression (See next page)





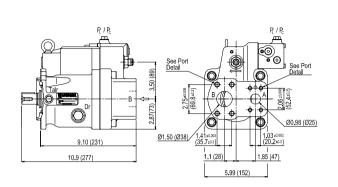


Pumps



Unit Dimensions (Continued)

K3VL45 Rear Port



K3VL45 Porting Details

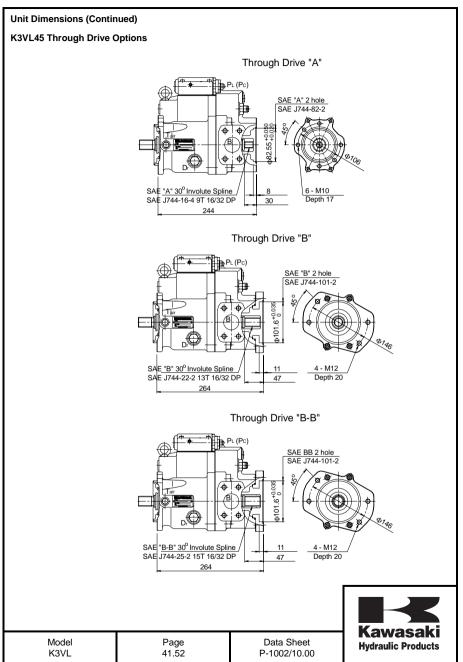
| Main SAE Flanged Ports | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Des. | Port Name | Port Size | Tightening Torque (Nm) | Flange Threads | | | |
| UNF Threaded Version ("S" in position 9 of model code) | | | | | | | |
| А | Delivery Port | SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1" | 57 | 3/8-16UNC-2B x 18mm | | | |
| В | Suction Port | SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1 1/2" | 98 | 1/2-13UNC-2B x 22mm | | | |
| Metric Version ("M" in position 9 of model code) | | | | | | | |
| А | Delivery Port | SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1" | 57 | M10 x 17 | | | |
| В | Suction Port | SAE J518C Std pressure (code 61) 1 1/2" | 98 | M12 x 20 | | | |

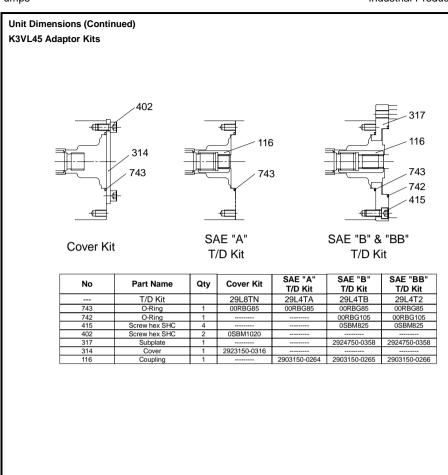
Auxiliary Ports

| Des. | Port Name | Port Size | Tightening Torque (Nm) | | |
|---|---|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| SAE Version ("S", "K" or "T" in position 8 of model code) | | | | | |
| Dr | Drain Port (x2) | SAE J1926/1 Straight thread O ring boss 1/2"OD Tube 3/4-16UNF-2B | 98 | | |
| PL PC | Load Sensing Port Pressure Control Port | SAE J1926/1 Straight thread O ring boss 1/4"OD Tube 7/16-20UNF-2B | 12 | | |
| Tair | Air Bleeder Port | SAE J1926/1 Straight thread O ring boss 1/4"OD Tube 7/16-20UNF-2B | 12 | | |
| ISO Version | ISO Version ("M" in position 8 of model code) | | | | |
| Dr | Drain Port (x2) | M22 x 1.5 DIN 3852 | 98 | | |
| PL PC | Load Sensing Port Pressure Control Port | M14 x 1.5 DIN 3852 | 25 | | |
| Tair | Air Bleeder Port | M14 x 1.5 DIN 3852 | 25 | | |



| Model | Page | Data Sheet | |
|-------|-------|--------------|--|
| K3VL | 40.52 | P-1002/10.00 | |







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|-------|----------|--------------|-----------|
| Model | Page | Data Sheet | Hydraulic |
| K3VL | 42.52 | P-1002/10.00 | |

